

Children, Adolescent + Teen Preventive Care

July's focus is on well-child visits, adolescent and teen annual preventive health visits, and sports physicals. It's a great time to review your child and/or teen's medical records to ensure they are up to date on things from check-ups to vaccinations—it's one of the best things you can do to keep your child and community safe, healthy and protected against serious diseases. Your summer schedule probably gets busy, so check now to make sure your child's healthcare is on-track and they're ready for the next school year.

Always check with your child's health care provider and follow the schedule that they recommend for future exams and

vaccinations.

Participate in the following activities to learn more:

#1 Preventive Care

#2 Vaccine Recommendations

#3 Sports Physicals and Quiz

#4 Resources

An estimated 25 million children around the world missed their childhood immunizations in 2021 due to the pandemic. In the U.S., childhood immunizations rates dropped to 94% in 2020 from 95%, a decline that continued into the 2020-21 school year (Source: AAP)



Questions? Email wellness@medica.com

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Health Disparities

"Health disparities" are preventable differences in health among different social or racial groups. Health disparities are a complex and challenging problem across the world. Social factors play the largest role in shaping the overall health of communities. For example, the ability to access healthcare, a safe living environment, racial equity, nutritious food, quality education, and supportive relationships free of discrimination are all incredibly important to your overall health.

Those who face health disparities often have a higher risk of missing growth milestones, missing important preventive care (including vaccinations), missing diagnoses and more. Those who face health disparities also may have increased hospitalizations and emergency department use.

Pediatricians say now is the time to catch kids up on vaccines and well-child visits. "While there has been improvement in kids getting the care they need, it still has not gone back to pre-covid levels. There are still delays in vaccinations, screenings, referrals, and general guidance to keep families healthy," said Dr. Sarah Campbell, the President of Wisconsin's State Pediatrician Organization.

Learn more and find resources to help you make sure your child is up to date.

Did you know:

• Well-child visit adherence has large racial and ethnic disparities; 71.1% of patients who identify as white were up to date with their well-child visits compared to 64.3% among those who identify as Hispanic/Latinx and 58.7% who identify as Black/African American. (Source)

For more information, please visit:

- Well-Child Visit Resources:
 - o <u>Center for Disease Control and Prevention: Immunization Schedules</u>
 - o Center for Disease Control and Prevention: Keeping Track of Records
 - o Sanford Health: Well-child visits important for children of all ages
- Sports Physical Resources:
 - o Cleveland Clinic: Sports Physicals
 - o SSM Health: School Sports Physicals

Activity 1: Preventive Care

Children's preventive care

Children and toddlers grow and change fast in early childhood. Routine visits with a health care provider help keep your child healthy and offer the opportunity for you to get regular updates on your child's health and development.

Well-child visits

Well-child visits may also be referred to as well-baby exams, well-child checks or routine checkups. The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends frequent well-child visits until your child turns three years of age and then annually after that. These visits are an important part of keeping young children healthy.

At well-child visits, these preventive services, and more, are covered at no (\$0) out-of-pocket costs to you when performed by an in-network provider*:

- Monitor growth and development
- Discuss health concerns
- Discuss emotions, behavior, and safety
- Age-specific vaccinations, screenings and tests
- Talking through any questions or concerns have

Learn more and find out what you can expect at these visits.

Childhood vaccinations

Vaccines help keep children safe and free from vaccine-preventable diseases, and approved vaccines are covered at no cost to you when given by a network provider*.

Here are five reasons to vaccinate children:

- Immunizations can save a child's life—just one
 example is diphtheria, which used to cause over 10000 deaths per year before routine vaccination protected our
 children (DTaP vaccine).
- 2. Vaccinations are rigorously tested to be sure they are safe and effective.
- 3. Immunity protects others.
- 4. Immunizations can save time and money by avoiding preventable illnesses.
- 5. Immunizations help protect future generations.

View the CDC's recommended vaccines for children on page 5 of this toolkit.

Always check with your child's health care provider about what's right for them and follow the schedule they recommend for future exams and vaccinations. And remember to check your medical benefit plan to know your coverage.

*If your plan uses a provider network, review your <u>summary of benefits and coverage</u> for network provider details.



Adolescent and Teen Preventive Care

As teens mature from childhood through adolescence, their health care needs change. Having a good relationship with your health care provider can help with the transition.

Annual preventive visit

Adolescents and teens should make annual preventive visits with their provider a priority. <u>Preventive care</u> is an important part of keeping kids healthy into adulthood.

At annual visits, these preventive services, and more, are covered at no (\$0) out-of-pocket costs to you when performed by an in-network provider*:

- Track changes in physical, mental and social development
- Vaccines to protect against diseases
- Offer advice on unhealthy behaviors
- Discuss nutrition, proper exercise and safety measures
- Help to coach your child for the transition into adulthood
- Answer questions about overall health and well-being

Learn more and find out what you can expect at an annual visit.

Adolescent immunizations

As kids grow, protection from some childhood vaccines begins to wear off. Kids also become at risk for more diseases. Staying up-to-date with recommended vaccines offers the best possible protection against common preventable diseases. Immunizations for adolescents protect against deadly forms of meningitis and even cancer.

View the CDC's vaccine recommendations for adolescents on page 6 of this toolkit.

Always check with your child's health care provider about what's right for them and follow the schedule they recommend for future exams and vaccinations. And remember to check your medical benefit plan to know your coverage.



*If your plan uses a provider network, review your <u>summary of benefits and coverage</u> for network provider details.

Activity 2: Vaccine Recommendations

Stay on track with your child's vaccines—and if COVID-19 caused a disruption, now is the time to catch up. Vaccines are recommended for children and adolescents based on age, health conditions and other factors. It's important to track your child's vaccination records, especially if the state you live in requires certain vaccines for childcare or school. View Keeping Track of Records and Find Your Child's Immunization Record Through Your State's Immunization Information System on the CDC website for more information.

Review your child's immunization records against this recommended CDC vaccine schedule checklist. Missed any vaccinations and/or doses? Talk with your child's/teen's provider about catching up—in most cases, it's not too late!

Note: CDC recommends COVID-19 vaccination for 6 months of age and older to help protect against COVID-19.

2023 Recommended Immunizations for Children Birth Through 6 Years Old:

Birth		7 11 Months		
	Hepatitis B (HBV) (1 st dose)		Hepatitis B (HBV) (1 st dose)	
1 2 1/2	onthe		Influenza (Flu) (every year)	
1 2 M				
	DTaP* (1 st dose)	12 23	Months	
	Hepatitis B (HBV) (1st dose)		Chickenpox (Varicella) (1st dose)	
	Hib** (1st dose)		DTaP* (4th dose)	
	Polio (IPV) (1st dose)		Hib** (4th dose)	
	Pneumococcal (PCV13) (1st dose)		MMR*** (1st dose)	
	Rotavirus (RV) (1st dose)		Polio (IPV) (3rd dose)	
2 4 2 6	and a		Pneumococcal (PCV13) (4th dose)	
3 4 Months			Hepatitis A (HepA) (1st dose)	
	2.4. (2 4656)		Hepatitis B (HepB) (3rd dose)	
	Hib** (2 nd dose)		between 6 months and 18 months	
	Polio (IPV) (2nd dose)		Influenza (Flu) (every year)	
	Pneumococcal (PCV13) (2nd dose)		· / · / /	
	Rotavirus (RV) (2nd dose)	2 3 Years		
5 6 Months			Influenza (Flu) (every year)	
	DTaP* (3rd dose)	ars		
			DTaP* (5th dose)	
	Polio (IPV) (3rd dose)		Polio (IPV) (4th dose)	
			MMR*** (2 nd dose)	
	Rotavirus (RV) (3rd dose)		Chickenpox (Varicella) (2nd dose)	
	Influenza (Flu) (every year)		Influenza (Flu) (every year)	
_	initializa (i ia) (every year)	_	miscriza (i ia) (every year)	

^{*}DTaP combines protection against diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis (whooping cough).

^{**}Hib protects against *Haemophilus influenzae* type b.

^{***}MMR combines protection against measles, mumps, and rubella.

2023 Recommended Immunizations for Children 7-18 Years Old

7 1	7 10 Years				
		Influenza (Flu) (annually) Human Papillomavirus (HPV) – two doses			
		though recommended for ages 11-12, the HPV vaccine can be given as early as age 9 to help protect girls and boys from vinfection and cancers caused by HPV. Talk with your child's provider.			
11	12	Years			
		Meningococcal meningitis (one dose of Meningococcal) HPV (two doses) – if not already completed			
		Tetanus, diphtheria, and whooping cough (pertussis) (one dose of Tdap vaccine) Influenza (Flu) (annually)			
13	18	Years			
		Influenza (Flu) (annually) Meningococcal meningitis (Meningococcal booster)			
Foi	r mc	ore information on CDC's recommended vaccines, visit:			
		 <u>Vaccines By Age</u> <u>2023 Recommended Immunizations for Children from Birth Through 6 Years Old</u> (printable) 			

- <u>2023 Recommended Immunizations for Children 7-18 Years Old</u> (printable)
- <u>HPV Vaccine</u><u>Immunization Action Coalition (IAC)</u>
- <u>TeensHealth</u> (HPV Vaccine)

Activity 3: Sports Physicals and Quiz

A sports physical is an exam to help determine if it is safe for an athlete to participate in a sport. In comparison, an annual preventive visit is a more comprehensive exam focused on your child's overall health and health needs. Your child's health care provider may do both at a preventive visit. Schedule a sports physical if due, then test your knowledge by taking the quiz.

		re to help you and your kids learn more about the world of sports! Have a friendly competition to see who st correctly. (Answers are at the bottom of the last page.)	
1	True o	r false: The diameter of a basketball hoop is 18 inches.	
2	The Olympics are held every how many years?		
	a.	4	
	b.	2	
	c.	6	
2	A		

- 3. An average golf ball has how many dimples?
 - **a.** 288
 - **b.** 183
 - **c.** 336
- 4. What is the most watched sport in the world?
 - a. Tennis
 - b. Soccer
 - c. Basketball
- 5. True or false: Hockey pucks are frozen before each game.
- 6. True or false: The hockey Stanley Cup was once used as a cereal bowl.
- 7. A baseball is bound together by how many hand-stitched double stitches through cowhide leather?
 - **a.** 162
 - **b.** 204
 - **c.** 108
- 8. What team won the first Super Bowl?
 - a. Dallas Cowboys
 - **b.** Kansas City Chiefs
 - c. Green Bay Packers.
- 9. True or false: There are more than 8000 sports in the world.
- 10. True or false: Venus has won more Grand Slam titles than her sister, Serena.
- 11. What is the only country to play in every soccer World Cup?
 - **a.** Germany
 - b. Mexico
 - c. Brazil
- 12. How tall is the tallest NBA basketball player?
 - **a.** 7 ft 7 in
 - **b.** 6 ft 9 in
 - c. 7 ft. 4 in

Activity 4: Resources

There are resources available no matter what obstacle/challenge you may be facing as a parent or what your child or teen might be experiencing. These resources can be a helpful place to start if you are looking for assistance. Resources are open to all unless noted*.



Children

General information

- AAP: Healthy Children
- Kids Health
- WebMD: Health Guide

Behavior and development

- Children with Special Care Health Needs
- CDC: ADHD
- CHADD: ADHD Resource

Autism

- CDC: Autism
- Autism Speaks

Allergy/Asthma

- Allergy/Asthma
- Food Allergy and Anaphylaxis Network

Adolescents and Teens

Sexually transmitted infections

- CDC: STDs
- American Sexual Health Association

Depression, mental health, and addiction

- Medica: Behavioral health*
- NIH: Mental health medications
- NAMI: Mental health professionals

Medication safety

- FDA: Take as prescribed
- NIH: Misuse and addiction
- WI DHS: Dose of Reality: Safe Disposal of Medications and Medical Supplies
- Medica: Safe medication use

Healthy relationships

- Help Guide: Bullying
- U.S. HHS: Adolescent health
- Healthychildren.org
- AACAP: Stress management
- Medica: Healthy adolescent relationships